

abide in the centre of the expanded heavens,
together eonYeyed my prayers quieHy to the
gods?

(speedily) return. Heaven and earth, be
conscious
of this (my affliction).

11. The rays of the sun abide in the
suiroimding Targa xxn.
centre of heaYen: they drive back the wolf,
crossing
the great waters, from the path.* HeaYea and
earth
be conscious of this (my affliction).

12. That new praiseworthy and
commended
(vigour)^b Is seated in you, ye gods₃ (by which)
the
riYers urge on the waters[^] and the SHE diffuses
Ms
constant (light). Heaven and earth, be
conscious of
this (my affliction).

IS. "Worthy of praise, AGE*!, is that thy
relation-
ship (with the gods). Bo then, who art
most wise?
seated at our (solemnity), worship (the
gods), as (at
the sacrifice of) MAIJHS.

upon earth, wind, rathe firmament, the son,
ialieaYeiL, the
in the planetary region, and iighttoingj in the
clouds. Hie Tait-
iiriyas substitute, for lightning, the *na&shatras*, or
asterisms,
shining in the *Swarloka*.

* Alluding, it is said, to a stoij of a wolf, who
waa about to
swim across a riTer, to devour *Trita*, but -was
deterred by the
"brightness of the solar rays. According to *Yd&ka*,
as quoted by
Sdyana, ae interprets *vrilca*, the moonj and *aj@a*k*,
the nnnamentj
and renders the passage: ^{4t} The rays of the son
prevent the moon

from appearing, or being Tiabla, in the
finnanient."

^b *Bdla*_t ^g strength/ issaidj "by the Commentator, to be
tuiderstoo*d*,
—of which, *ukfhya*-, praiseirorthyj is an
epithet. Eosen takes
for the substantive, in its not tamsaal of ⁱ
i.ymnj^j
and translates the text: 2Yov& A@c **at** w&»?
dti !